

The Practical Significance of the "The Six Requirements"

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Abstract: "The Six Requirements" in the socialist society with Chinese characteristics in the new era is not only a theoretical guidance, but also a practical guide, which has far-reaching practical significance for promoting the cause of socialism with Chinese characteristics. This paper analyzes how it can provide solid theoretical and practical guidance for national governance, economic development, cultural inheritance and innovation from multiple dimensions, and shows its core values and far-reaching influence in the process of promoting the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation.

1. Introduction

(1) The background of the times: a complex and changing global pattern and Chinas new journey of development

The world today is undergoing a great transformation unseen in a century, with the international political and economic order undergoing profound adjustments. The process of globalization is facing headwinds, unilateralism and protectionism are on the rise, geopolitical conflicts are frequent, and global governance faces numerous challenges. At the same time, technological revolutions and industrial transformations are advancing at an unprecedented pace, with emerging technologies such as the digital economy and artificial intelligence rapidly developing, profoundly changing human production and lifestyle. Domestically, socialism with Chinese characteristics has entered a new era, and China has shifted to a stage of high-quality development. However, issues of unbalanced and inadequate development remain prominent, and the tasks of reform in key areas and critical links are arduous. Innovation capabilities do not meet the requirements for high-quality development, the agricultural foundation is still unstable, disparities in urban-rural and regional development and income distribution are significant, environmental protection remains a daunting task, and there are shortcomings in peoples livelihoods and weak points in social governance. In the face of complex and changing domestic and international situations and the arduous tasks of reform, development, and stability, the Communist Party of China needs to advance the Sinicization and modernization of Marxism in keeping with the times, using scientific theories to guide great practices, providing a solid ideological foundation and action guide for achieving the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation. The "The Six Requirements" were born out of this era, serving as a profound summary of the practical experience of socialism with Chinese characteristics in the new era, and also reflecting the spirit of MarxThe innovative development of ideological world outlook and methodology.

(2) The status of Sinicization and modernization of Marxism

The "The Six Requirements" form an interconnected and internally unified organic whole, embodying the Marxist worldview and methodology in contemporary China, holding an extremely important position in the process of Sinicizing and modernizing Marxism. These principles inherit and develop fundamental Marxist theories such as materialist historiography, dialectics, and epistemology, deeply integrating Marxism with Chinas realities and its fine traditional culture, endowing Marxism with new contemporary significance and Chinese characteristics. They provide fundamental guidance for upholding and advancing socialism with Chinese characteristics in the new era and offer powerful ideological weapons for the Party and the people to understand and transform the world. In line with the living soul of Mao Zedong Thought and the essence of Deng Xiaoping Theory, they are also progressive, representing the latest achievements and wisdom crystallization in the Sinicization and modernization of Marxism. This marks a significant elevation in our Partys understanding of the laws governing communist governance, socialist construction, and human social development, providing solid theoretical support and methodological guarantees for the continuous advancement of socialism with Chinese characteristics.

(3) Introducing the importance of discussing practical significance

From a theoretical perspective, the "The Six Requirements" enrich and develop the Marxist theoretical system. A deeper exploration of their practical significance helps to further reveal the intrinsic logic and development laws of Sinicizing and modernizing Marxism, highlighting the strong vitality of Marxism and the unique advantages of socialism with Chinese characteristics, providing Chinas solutions and wisdom for the global socialist movement. From a practical perspective, a profound understanding of the practical significance of the "The Six Requirements" can provide clear action guidelines and practical paths for various endeavors of the Party and the state in the new era. In economic construction, upholding people-first principles allows for precise grasp of public needs to optimize resource allocation; adhering to problem-oriented approaches can promptly address pain points and difficulties in development. In social governance, a systemic approach aids in building a pattern of joint construction, co-governance, and shared benefits, while embracing a global vision can promote international exchanges and cooperation to draw on experiences and enhance governance effectiveness. In summary, a deep exploration of the practical significance of the "The Six Requirements" is a critical step in transforming this scientific theory into practical power, an inevitable requirement for achieving the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation and promoting the building of a community with a shared future for mankind. It has irreplaceable and significant value for comprehensively building a modern socialist country and opening up new horizons for socialism with Chinese characteristics.

2. The Practical Significance of the "The Six Requirements"

(1) The significance of promoting the modernization of national governance

The "The Six Requirements" provide strong support for modernizing national governance in multiple dimensions and profoundly demonstrate their role in this great process.

The principle of putting people first must be upheld, with the orientation of national governance clearly guided by public needs. The people are the masters of the state, and the effectiveness of governance is judged by them. This compels the government to accurately align its efforts in public services and policy-making with the will of the people. For instance, in educational and healthcare reforms, it is essential to ensure that the people have access to quality resources, so that the fruits of governance truly benefit all citizens and stimulate their enthusiasm for participating in governance.

It requires us adhere to confidence and self-reliance, allowing national governance to proceed independently based on its own national conditions and cultural characteristics. China has explored a suitable political and economic system from the unique history, culture, and social realities of its

people. In the face of pressure for global governance models to converge, it firmly follows the path of socialism with Chinese characteristics, relying on its own strength to address development challenges, demonstrating strong institutional and path confidence, and avoiding falling into the Western governance trap^[1].

It is essential to uphold the principles of maintaining orthodoxy while fostering innovation, providing a solid foundation for national governance while injecting innovative vitality. Upholding orthodoxy ensures that governance adheres to the fundamental principles of Marxism and the Partys core purpose, whereas innovation drives governance concepts and methods to keep pace with the times. For instance, in the digital age, innovating government service models to achieve integrated online and offline business processing while firmly upholding the essence of people-centered services.

Adhering to a problem-oriented approach ensures that national governance focuses precisely on various contradictions. Whether it is economic restructuring, social equity protection, or environmental conservation, all efforts start with addressing practical issues. By identifying problems, analyzing their roots, and formulating strategies, the system continuously optimizes its governance processes and procedures, enhancing governance efficiency^[2].

It requires us adhere to the systemic perspective to ensure the comprehensiveness and coordination of national governance. National governance is a vast and complex system, with various fields interconnected. In the strategy for coordinated regional development, it is essential to balance resource complementarity and industrial synergy between eastern, central, and western regions, avoiding local imbalances that could affect overall stability, thus maximizing overall benefits.

We must uphold a global perspective for national governance. In the context of globalization, China actively participates in global governance, drawing on international experiences while sharing its own achievements. For instance, under the "Belt and Road" initiative, it promotes infrastructure connectivity and trade investment liberalization and facilitation among countries along the route, enhancing Chinas influence and voice in the global governance system. This drives the mutual promotion and coordinated development of building a community with a shared future for mankind and modernizing national governance^[3].

(2) Practical value in economic development

The "The Six Requirements" provide a comprehensive practical value guide for economic development and strongly promote high-quality and sustainable economic development.

The principle of putting people first must be upheld in economic development, which means making the needs of the people the core driving force. As living standards improve, consumer demands continue to upgrade and diversify, shifting from a focus on material goods to a pursuit of high-quality services and eco-friendly products. This prompts companies to adjust their production structures according to market trends, thereby driving the transformation and upgrading of related industries. For example, sectors such as health care for the elderly and cultural tourism are thriving, forming new growth points for the economy. This also ensures that the fruits of economic development benefit all people more equitably, narrowing the wealth gap and enhancing the stability and sustainability of economic growth. 错误!未找到引用源。

Adhering to confidence and self-reliance allows our countrys economic development to be grounded in its own strengths and national conditions. Our country boasts a vast domestic market, a complete industrial system, and abundant human resources—unique advantages that enable us to independently formulate monetary policies, industrial policies, and more. For instance, in terms of R&D investment in science and technology, we firmly support the independent innovation of key core technologies, reducing reliance on foreign technologies. We aim to overtake competitors in emerging fields such as 5G communications and high-speed rail technology, thereby gaining the upper hand in international competition and solidifying the foundation for economic development.

It is essential to uphold the dialectical unity of adhering to principles and fostering innovation in

economic development. Upholding principles means following the laws of the market economy and the basic economic system, maintaining a fair competitive environment in the market, and protecting the legitimate rights and interests of all market entities. Innovation, on the other hand, stimulates the internal driving force for economic development, encouraging technological innovation, management innovation, and business model innovation at the enterprise level. For example, internet companies have created new business forms such as the sharing economy and live-stream e-commerce through innovative platform operations. This not only expands profit margins for enterprises but also promotes coordinated development across upstream and downstream industries, injecting new vitality into economic growth.

Adhering to a problem-oriented approach, focus on various challenges and difficulties in economic development. In the process of economic growth, issues such as resource and environmental constraints, uneven regional economic development, and financing difficulties for small and medium-sized enterprises will arise. By accurately identifying these problems, the government can formulate targeted macro-control policies, such as implementing regional coordinated development strategies and increasing support for infrastructure construction and industrial development in central and western regions; financial institutions can innovate financial products and services to provide diversified financing channels for small and medium-sized enterprises, thereby addressing bottlenecks in economic development and ensuring stable economic operations^[4].

It requires us adhere to a systemic perspective to ensure the coordination and integration of all elements of economic development. The economic system encompasses multiple stages such as production, distribution, exchange, and consumption, as well as various levels including industries, regions, and urban-rural areas. When formulating economic development strategies, focus on the interrelationships and synergistic effects between these stages and levels.

For example, in terms of industrial policy, promote the integrated development of primary, secondary and tertiary industries, feed agriculture with industry and promote the upgrading of manufacturing industry; in regional development, we need to promote the integration of urban and rural development, strengthen the interaction and sharing between cities and countryside in terms of factor resources, industrial layout, so as to improve the overall efficiency and quality of economic development.

We must uphold a global vision to integrate our countrys economic development into the global economic landscape. In the context of economic globalization, we should actively participate in international division and cooperation. On one hand, by expanding foreign trade and investment, we can broaden international markets, fully utilize global resources, and enhance the status of our industries within the global industrial chain. On the other hand, we should play an active role in global economic governance, proposing international cooperation initiatives such as the "Belt and Road" initiative, strengthening exchanges and collaboration with countries along the route in areas like infrastructure construction, trade, and financial cooperation. This will promote economic development in these regions while creating a favorable international environment for Chinas economic growth, achieving mutual benefits and common development^[5].

(3) The significance of cultural inheritance and innovation

The "The Six Requirements" provide a solid ideological foundation and action guide for cultural inheritance and innovation, and profoundly highlight its core significance in the field of cultural construction.

The principle of putting people first must be upheld to establish the value orientation for cultural development. Culture originates from the people, serves the people, and belongs to the people. In the process of cultural inheritance, it is essential to delve into folk arts and traditional customs created by the masses, such as paper cutting and embroidery, which require the participation of a wide range of folk artists and enthusiasts. Cultural innovation should also aim at meeting the growing spiritual and

cultural needs of the people. Various cultural works focus on the diverse aspects of peoples lives, making culture a true source of spiritual nourishment for the people and stimulating the active role of the masses in cultural construction.

Adhering to confidence and self-reliance ensures that cultural inheritance and innovation are rooted in the local context. China boasts a splendid civilization spanning five thousand years, from the ancient Confucian culture to the magnificent poetry and songs, from unique traditional architecture to exquisite traditional Chinese medicine. These rich cultural heritages are the source of confidence. In the process of cultural inheritance, we firmly safeguard and promote excellent traditional Chinese culture, unshaken by external cultural impacts. In terms of cultural innovation, based on our own cultural foundation, such as the success of the Palace Museums cultural and creative products, which leverage the profound historical and cultural connotations of the Palace Museum to develop a series of distinctive cultural and creative products, standing out in the global cultural market and highlighting the unique charm and strong vitality of Chinese culture.

It is essential to uphold the principles of maintaining tradition while innovating, clarifying the path for cultural inheritance and innovation. Upholding tradition means adhering to the essence and core values of Chinese culture, such as the concepts of "harmony above all" and "benevolence, righteousness, propriety, wisdom, and trustworthiness," which should be inherited and promoted in contemporary moral development and interpersonal interactions. Innovation, on the other hand, infuses traditional culture with modern vitality through technological means, such as using virtual reality technology to immerse audiences in historical and cultural settings, or adapting classic literary works into animated forms. This allows ancient culture to come alive under new mediums and formats, achieving creative transformation and innovative development while adhering to the right path.

Adhering to a problem-oriented approach promotes the focus on challenges in cultural inheritance and innovation. In response to issues such as a lack of successors for traditional culture and insufficient funding for cultural heritage protection, targeted talent development plans are formulated, with increased financial investment and policy support. Regarding cultural innovation, efforts address severe homogenization of cultural products and inadequate innovation capabilities in the cultural industry. Encouraging cultural enterprises to increase R&D investment, nurturing innovative cultural talents, and promoting high-quality development of the cultural industry ensure that cultural inheritance and innovation continue to advance along the path of solving problems.

We need to adhere to the systemic perspective to promote comprehensive synergy in cultural inheritance and innovation. Cultural inheritance and innovation involve multiple fields such as the cultural industry, cultural undertakings, and cultural education. In the development of the cultural industry, emphasis should be placed on coordinating with cultural heritage protection, for example, integrating tourism development with the preservation of historic cities; cultural education provides talent reserves and theoretical support for cultural inheritance and innovation, forming a mutually reinforcing and organically integrated cultural development pattern across all sectors, thereby comprehensively enhancing the overall effectiveness of cultural inheritance and innovation.

We must uphold a global perspective to broaden the international vision of cultural inheritance and innovation. In the context of globalization, we should actively promote Chinese culture abroad, participating in international cultural exchanges and competitions. For example, hosting China Cultural Year events overseas, showcasing Chinese calligraphy, painting, opera, and other art forms, while also absorbing and learning from world-class cultural achievements, such as Western opera and film production techniques. This promotes mutual development between Chinese and foreign cultures through exchange and mutual learning, allowing Chinese culture to shine on the world stage and enhancing the countrys cultural soft power and international influence^[6].

3. Conclusions

The "The Six Requirements" are interrelated and of overall value in many aspects of practice, emphasizing their irreplaceable role in China's sustainable development in the new era and its contribution to the world, and looking forward to a bright future for China and the world under their guidance.

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